

PERTUSSIS REPORT

10 February-9 March 2018

Data contained within this fortnightly report is based on information recorded on EpiSurv by public health service staff as at 20 March 2018. Changes made to EpiSurv data after this date will not be reflected in this report. The results presented may be further updated and should be regarded as provisional. Cases still under investigation are not included in this report.

- A national pertussis outbreak is ongoing.
- A significant decrease in pertussis notifications for the current four weeks (weeks 7– 10, 2018) compared with the previous four weeks (weeks 3–6) in 2018.
- A significant increase in pertussis notifications for the current four weeks (weeks 7–10, 2018) compared with the same four surveillance weeks in 2017.

Summary

- In the past four surveillance weeks (weeks 7–10, 10 February–9 March 2018), 365 cases of pertussis were notified (97, 107, 91 and 70 cases, consecutively Figure 1)¹. This included 226 confirmed, 127 probable, and 12 suspect cases. This is significantly higher than the 112 cases reported in the same four surveillance weeks in 2017 (Table 3). In the past four surveillance weeks in 2018, 19 (5.2%) cases were aged less than 1 year and 12 of these cases were hospitalised. Of all 365 cases, 24 cases were hospitalised and no deaths were reported.
- From 1 January–9 March 2018, there was a total of 1014 confirmed, probable and suspect cases of pertussis notified (21.2 cases per 100,000). Of the 1014 cases, 55 cases (5.4%) were aged less than 1 year, of which 30 (54.5%) were hospitalised (Table 1). Of all 1014 cases, 68 cases (6.7%) were hospitalised.
- From 1 January–9 March 2018, the highest reported pertussis rates were among the less than 1 year and 1–4 years age groups (90.8 and 59.1 per 100,000, respectively). The ethnic groups with the highest notification rates were Māori (27.1 per 100,000, 189 cases) followed by European or Other (22.5 per 100,000) (Figure 4). The highest single number of cases was reported in the European or Other ethnic group (701 cases).
- From 1 January–9 March 2018, the highest numbers of pertussis cases were reported by Nelson Marlborough (144 cases), Waikato (132 cases), Bay of Plenty (117 cases) DHBs (Table 3). The DHB with the highest rate was Nelson Marlborough DHB (96.8 per 100,000), followed by Wairarapa (56.2 per 100,000, 25 cases), and Bay of Plenty (50.5 per 100,000) DHBs.
- From the beginning of the current national outbreak period (commencing 16 October 2017) to the end of 2017 there was a total of 999 cases (592 confirmed, 385 probable, and 22 suspect cases). There are still 2 cases under investigation.
- This report summarises pertussis notifications for the period from 1 January 2018 to 9
 March 2018 (a cumulative summary). It includes the distribution of cases by time, age,
 prioritised ethnicity and DHB. A summary of the cases from the current four-week period
 (10 February –9 March 2018) is also provided.

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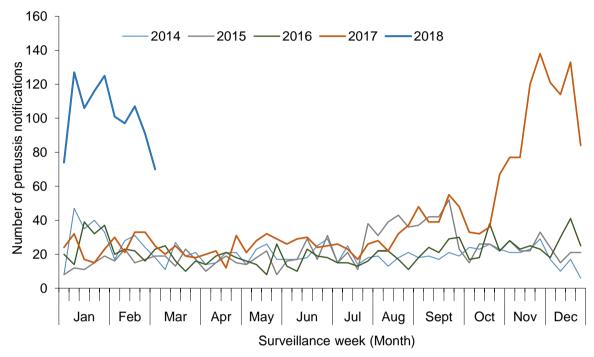
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¹ Cases still under investigation are not included in this report. Because cases under investigation have still to be classified (as confirmed, probable, suspect or not a case), the total case counts for surveillance weeks may change in future reports.

Trends in pertussis notifications

Total pertussis notifications by week for 2014–2018 (to week ending 9 March 2018) are shown in Figure 1 below.

Figure 1: Number of pertussis notifications by week reported, 2014–2018



Note: Includes confirmed, probable, and suspect cases only. Cases still under investigation are excluded.

Figure 2 shows pertussis notifications and hospitalisations by calendar month, and notifications in those aged less than 1 year between January 1998 and February 2018. A four-to- five-year cycle can be seen with large peaks in notifications in years 2000, 2004, 2011/12 and at the end of 2017.

Mospitalised -Total notifications 700 50 45 600 Number of pertussis notifications 40 500 35 400 300 15 200 10 100 5 0 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018

Month (Year)

Figure 2: Number of pertussis notifications and hospitalisations by month and year, 1998–2018

Note: Includes confirmed, probable, and suspect cases only. Cases still under investigation are excluded.

Age

The number of pertussis notifications, rates and hospitalisations by age group are shown in Table 1 (cumulative total for 2018). Table 2 shows the number of notifications and hospitalisations during the current four surveillance weeks in 2018 compared with the same four surveillance weeks in 2017.

Table 1: Number of (confirmed, probable and suspect) pertussis notifications, rates (cases per 100,000 population) and hospitalisations by age group, 1 January–9 March 2018

Age group (years)	Total for 20)18¹	Hospitalised ¹			
	Number of cases	Rate ²	Number of cases	Percent (%)		
<1	55	90.8	30	54.5		
1–4	145	59.1	7	4.8		
5–9	127	38.9	4	3.1		
10–14	102	33.8	1	1.0		
15–19	54	17.1	2	3.7		
20+	531	15.0	24	4.5		
All ages	1014	21.2	68	6.7		

¹ Cumulative total 1 January–9 March 2018

Table 2: Number of (confirmed, probable and suspect) pertussis notifications and hospitalisations in surveillance weeks 7–10 in 2018, compared with the same period in 2017

	Recent four surveilla (weeks		Same four surveillance weeks in 2017 (weeks 7–10) ²		
Age group (years)	Number of cases	Cases hospitalised	Number of cases	Cases hospitalised	
<1	19	12	3	1	
1–4	51	2	11	2	
5–9	41	2	12	1	
10–14	31	0	10	0	
15–19	21	1	17	0	
20+	202	7	59	4	
All ages	365	24	112	8	

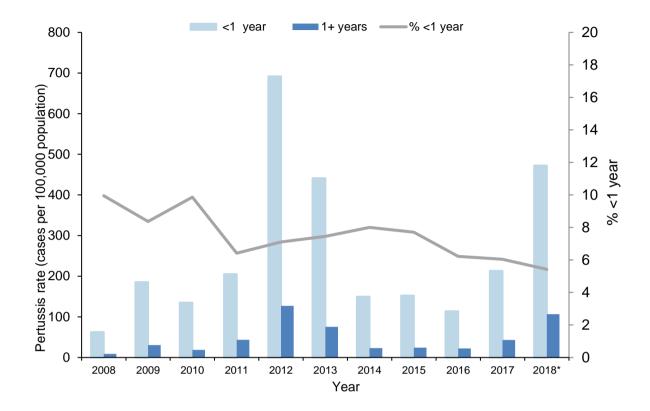
¹ 10 February–9 March 2018

² Rate of pertussis cases per 100,000 population calculated using 2017 mid-year population estimates.

² 11 February–10 March 2017

Pertussis rates by age group (<1 year and 1+ years) are shown in Figure 3.

Figure 3: Pertussis rate (cases per 100,000 population) by age group (<1 year vs. 1+ years), and % < 1 year olds, 2008-2018



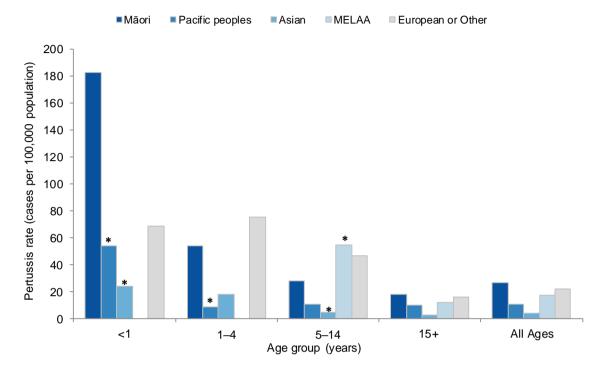
Note: Includes confirmed, probable and suspect cases only. Rate of pertussis cases per 100,000 population calculated using 2017 mid-year population estimates.

^{*} Rate for 2018 is an annualised rate. As this is an estimate for the year based on currently available data, it may differ from non-annualised rates presented elsewhere in this report for these age groups.

Ethnicity

Pertussis rates by age group and ethnicity are shown in Figure 4.

Figure 4: Pertussis rate (cases per 100,000 population) by age group and ethnicity, 1 January–9 March 2018



Note: Notifications 1 January–9 March 2018, includes confirmed, probable and suspect cases only. Ethnicity is prioritised. Denominator data used to determine disease rates for ethnic groups are based on the proportion of people in each ethnic group from the estimated resident 2013 Census population applied to the 2016 mid-year population estimates from Statistics New Zealand.

MELAA: Middle Eastern/Latin American/African.

^{*} Rate based on fewer than five cases.

District health board

The numbers and rates of pertussis notifications by DHB are shown in Table 4 below.

Table 3: Number of (confirmed, probable and suspect) pertussis notifications, rate (cases per 100,000 population) and hospitalisations by district health board, 2018

	Total for 2018 ¹					10 February-9 March 2018		
	Total		<1 year old ¹		(weeks 7–10)			
District health board	Cases	Rate ²	Hosp ³	Cases ⁴	% ⁵	Cases	Hosp ³	<1 year old ⁴
Northland	34	19.4	4	7	20.6	18	2	4
Waitemata	65	10.7	7	4	6.2	26	1	2
Auckland	70	13.4	11	3	4.3	25	4	1
Counties Manukau	67	12.3	13	6	9.0	16	6	4
Waikato	132	32.3	8	7	5.3	35	3	1
Lakes	45	41.5	1	0	0.0	24	1	0
Bay of Plenty	117	50.5	4	2	1.7	46	1	0
Tairawhiti	6	12.4	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
Taranaki	5	4.2	0	0	0.0	1	0	0
Hawke's Bay	54	32.9	3	5	9.3	13	0	0
Whanganui	2	3.1	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
MidCentral	23	13.0	5	4	17.4	8	2	2
Hutt Valley	37	25.0	1	0	0.0	10	0	0
Capital & Coast	62	19.8	6	4	6.5	36	1	0
Wairarapa	25	56.2	0	0	0.0	7	0	0
Nelson Marlborough	144	96.8	2	9	6.3	59	1	3
West Coast	15	46.2	1	1	6.7	8	1	1
Canterbury	60	10.9	0	1	1.7	19	0	0
South Canterbury	5	8.4	0	0	0.0	2	0	0
Southern	46	14.2	2	2	4.3	12	1	1
Overall	1014	21.2	68	55	5.4	365	24	19

¹ Cumulative notifications 1 January–9 March 2018.

² Rate of pertussis cases per 100,000 population calculated using 2017 mid-year population estimates. Rates have not been calculated where fewer than five cases were notified.

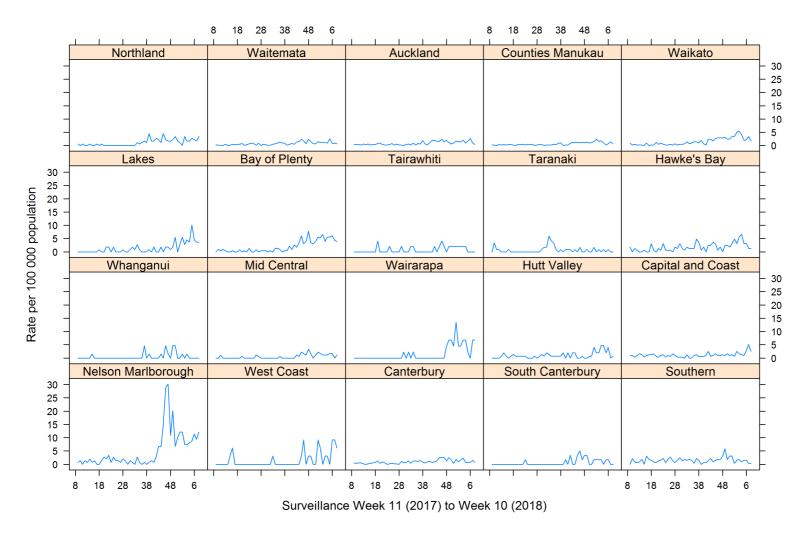
³ Number of notifications that were hospitalised.

⁴ Number of notifications in the <1 year age group.

⁵ Percentage of notifications that were <1 year age group.



Figure 4: Pertussis rates per 100,000 population by DHB, surveillance week 11 of 2017 to week 10 of 2018



Note: Notifications 11 March 2017–9 March 2018, includes confirmed, probable and suspect cases only. Rate of pertussis cases per 100,000 population calculated using 2017 mid-year population estimates. Rates have not been calculated where fewer than five cases were notified.

This report is available at: http://www.surv.esr.cri.nz/surveillance/PertussisRpt.php