

National surveillance data - July 2005

Disease ¹	Current year - 2005 ²			Previous year - 2004		
	Jul 2005 cases	Cumulative total since 1 January	Current rate ³	Jul 2004 cases	Cumulative total since 1 January	Previous rate ³
AIDS ⁴	1	37	1.6	4	18	0.8
Campylobacteriosis	911	6534	319.9	827	6794	375.8
Cryptosporidiosis	26	279	20.9	12	110	17.8
Dengue fever	4	9	0.2	0	8	0.3
Gastroenteritis ⁵	35	368	24.3	87	821	33.6
Giardiasis	99	733	34.7	134	950	43.0
<i>H. influenzae</i> type b disease	0	3	0.1	1	2	0.2
Hepatitis A	4	24	1.0	5	37	1.7
Hepatitis B (acute) ⁶	6	32	1.2	7	27	1.4
Hepatitis C (acute) ⁶	2	19	0.7	3	18	1.0
Hydatid disease	0	0	0	0	0	0
Influenza ⁶	393	741	42.8	13	30	9.5
Lead absorption	6	47	2.3	8	57	2.6
Legionellosis	13	52	1.9	4	42	2.1
Leprosy	0	1	0.1	1	2	0.1
Leptospirosis	9	50	2.3	7	67	3.2
Listeriosis	2	10	0.5	1	16	0.6
Malaria	3	28	1.0	3	22	1.1
Measles	1	8	0.6	1	18	1.4
Meningococcal disease ⁸	36	153	8.7	35	170	10.7
Mumps	4	25	1.3	3	20	1.1
Paratyphoid fever	1	16	0.7	3	19	0.7
Pertussis	158	1654	113.7	184	888	31.4
Rheumatic fever	5	38	1.9	4	43	3.2
Rickettsial disease	1	1	0.1	0	1	0.1
Rubella	4	10	0.6	1	13	0.7
Salmonellosis	65	777	32.2	61	653	31.9
SARS	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shigellosis	10	76	3.8	10	74	2.7
Tetanus	0	1	0.1	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	23	207	10.4	29	193	10.5
Typhoid fever	2	23	0.9	3	22	0.7
VTEC / STEC infection	2	59	2.5	4	53	2.4
Yersiniosis	32	221	9.3	31	295	13.4

Notes: ¹ Other notifiable infectious diseases reported in July: Nil.

² These data are provisional.

³ Rate is based on the cumulative total for the current year (12 months up to and including July 2005) or the previous year (12 months up to and including July 2004), expressed as cases per 100 000

⁴ All Aids data is provisional. Further information is available from the Aids Epidemiology Unit, University of Otago.

⁵ Cases of gastroenteritis from a common source or foodborne intoxication. Eg: staphylococcal intoxication

⁶ Only acute cases of this disease are currently notifiable

⁷ Surveillance data based on laboratory-reported cases only (as reported in ESR's Virology Weekly Reports)

⁸ These totals and rates are based on the EpiSurv report date as opposed to the earliest available date used in the meningococcal disease section